Our owners care so much about our ability to successfully retire that they are making a huge investment into our 401k retirement accounts. There are two parts to this company contribution as explained below:

- Part I — All employees, whether they are participating in the 401 k or not, will receive a contribution equal to $2.5 \%$ of their total wages. This will be made after year end into each active employee's traditional (pre-tax) 401k account.
- Part II - The company will match up to $50 \%$ of $5 \%$ each of us is contributing to our 401 k retirement account. For example, if you are currently contributing $2 \%$, the company will match $1 \%$. If you are contributing $5 \%$, the company will match $2.5 \%$.

Put Part I and Part II together and if you've elected a 5\% retirement deferral, you will receive 5\% from Manatts. This means every year you have $10 \%$ of your total wages going towards your retirement!

Below is a table illustrating what the total company contribution would be, as well as, the total annual retirement savings (employee and employer) based on an employee making a 5\% deferral to their 401k account:

| Total Gross <br> Annual <br> Wages | Employee | Manatt's, Inc. |  |  | Total Annual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Elected | $\begin{gathered} \text { Up to } \\ 50 \% \text { Of } 5 \% \end{gathered}$ | .50 | Total |  |
|  | 5\% |  | Non Elective | \$ Company | Retirement |
|  | \$ Contribution | \$ Match | \$ Contribution |  | Savings |
| \$ 25,000.00 | \$ 1,250.00 | \$ 625.00 | \$ 625.00 | \$ 1,250.00 | 2,500.00 |
| \$ 30,000.00 | \$ 1,500.00 | \$ 750.00 | \$ 750.00 | \$ 1,500.00 | 3,000.00 |
| \$ 35,000.00 | \$ 1,750.00 | \$ 875.00 | \$ 875.00 | \$ 1,750.00 | 3,500.00 |
| \$ 40,000.00 | \$ 2,000.00 | \$ 1,000.00 | \$ 1,000.00 | \$ 2,000.00 | 4,000.00 |
| \$ 45,000.00 | \$ 2,250.00 | \$ 1,125.00 | \$ 1,125.00 | \$ 2,250.00 | 4,500.00 |
| \$ 50,000.00 | \$ 2,500.00 | \$ 1,250.00 | \$ 1,250.00 | \$ 2,500.00 | \$ 5,000.00 |
| \$ 55,000.00 | \$ 2,750.00 | \$ 1,375.00 | \$ 1,375.00 | \$ 2,750.00 | 5,500.00 |
| \$ 60,000.00 | \$ 3,000.00 | \$ 1,500.00 | \$ 1,500.00 | \$ 3,000.00 | \$ 6,000.00 |
| \$ 65,000.00 | \$ 3,250.00 | \$ 1,625.00 | \$ 1,625.00 | \$ 3,250.00 | \$ 6,500.00 |
| \$ 70,000.00 | \$ 3,500.00 | \$ 1,750.00 | \$ 1,750.00 | \$ 3,500.00 | \$ 7,000.00 |
| \$ 75,000.00 | \$ 3,750.00 | \$ 1,875.00 | \$ 1,875.00 | \$ 3,750.00 | \$ 7,500.00 |
| \$ 80,000.00 | \$ 4,000.00 | \$ 2,000.00 | \$ 2,000.00 | \$ 4,000.00 | \$ 8,000.00 |
| \$ 85,000.00 | \$ 4,250.00 | \$ 2,125.00 | \$ 2,125.00 | \$ 4,250.00 | \$ 8,500.00 |
| \$ 90,000.00 | \$ 4,500.00 | \$ 2,250.00 | \$ 2,250.00 | \$ 4,500.00 | 9,000.00 |
| \$ 100,000.00 | \$ 5,000.00 | \$ 2,500.00 | \$ 2,500.00 | \$ 5,000.00 | \$ 10,000.00 |
|  | EmployeeElected\% Contribution | Up to | 2.50\% | Tot | Total |
|  |  | 50\% Of 5\% | Non Elective | Company | Percentage |
|  |  | \% Match | \% Contribution | \% Contribution | Contributed |
|  | 2\% | 1.00\% | 2.50\% | 3.50\% | 5.5\% |
|  | 3\% | 1.50\% | 2.50\% | 4.00\% | 7\% |
|  | 4\% | 2.00\% | 2.50\% | 4.50\% | 8.5\% |
|  | 5\% | 2.50\% | 2.50\% | 5.00\% | 10\% |
|  | 6\% | 2.50\% | 2.50\% | 5.00\% | 11\% |
|  | 7\% | 2.50\% | 2.50\% | 5.00\% | 12\% |
|  | 8\% | 2.50\% | 2.50\% | 5.00\% | 13\% |
|  | 9\% | 2.50\% | 2.50\% | 5.00\% | 14\% |
|  | 10\% | 2.50\% | 2.50\% | 5.00\% | 15\% |

Small differences in what you are saving will make a huge impact at retirement!

For example, Stan is a 45-year-old earning $\$ 48,000$ per year and plans to retire at 65. He is currently contributing $2 \%$ into his retirement account. Based on a 6\% rate of return and an annual $2 \%$ increase in wages, this chart compares the amount of money Stan will accumulate between age 45 and 65 , including the new employer contributions.

At a 2\% employee contribution, Stan will accumulate $\$ 117,257$, including employer contributions.

2\% vs. 5\% 401k Contribution


If he would increase his contribution from $2 \%$ to $5 \%$, which computes to an additional $\$ 25$ per week, he will accumulate $\$ 213,196$ by the time he is 65 which is an additional $82 \%$ or $\$ 95,939$ ! As you can see, this small change in the amount Stan saved each week would make a substantial difference down the road!


You're never too young to start saving for retirement. It's a crucial part of the strategy. Business Insider shows an example why:

There are two hypothetical savers, Emily and Dave.

Emily puts $\$ 200$ per month into a retirement account with an estimated 6\% rate of return starting at the age of 25 . Dave starts saving \$200 per month when he's 35, just 10 years after Emily.

Both continue to add $\$ 200$ per month until they retire at 65 . By the time they are 65 , Emily has contributed $\$ 96,000$, while Dave has contributed $\$ 72,000$. The chart to the left shows the course of both accounts.

Business Insider/Andy Kiersz
Emily started saving just 10 years earlier and put in only about 33\% more money into her account than Dave put in his. But by the time they are both ready to retire, Emily has almost twice as much as Dave-Emily has $\$ 402,492$, and Dave has $\$ 203,118$. That extra 10 years of compounding returns has made Emily's situation far better than Dave's when they are 65.

